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now, the test in the bill is complicated. And the number is six instead of eight. So it raises from six to eight, which makes that part of the test better. But then what it does is to eliminate the second part of the test, which is that part that indicates that even if you have more than six workers, if all of your income basically is coming from cattle that you own, or from land that you own, as opposed to land that you're leasing from others, for example, but no matter how many workers you have, you're exempted from workers' comp. So that particular 40 percent that...let's call that the 40 percent rule...I'm eliminating, which means more people will be included for workers' comp. But then we're raising from six to eight the number of employees and making the number of employees the one and only test. That means fewer will be included. So it's a kind of balancing act. But clearly, one good thing about getting rid of the two-prong test is that you draw a bright line, and the bright line is that eight employees, eight or more employees. That's what the amendment does. Keep in mind that workers' comp, it's not health insurance. That's not the important part of it. The important part of it is if you're seriously injured, if you have some kind of permanent disability. If you don't have workers' comp and you're totally unable to work permanently, for example, it's basically going to be the state that takes care of you. If you have workers' comp, then you're under the system, and there would be payments to you made out of the system, and you would not be on the government dole, or paid for out of welfare or Medicaid. So it is an important item for keeping government small and keeping control of Medicaid, that is, making...ensuring that most workers in our society...and I think it should be all of them...but most workers in our society are covered by workers' comp. And it extends not only to the workers, of course. But when when they have kids and when they have families, if they don't have workers' comp and they lose a leg or something in an accident, a farm accident...and of course, farming is now considered to be the most hazardous occupation in America...their kids, and the wife, unless she's able to work, they're not going to have an income, and they're going to be on welfare. And that kind of distress then expands throughout the system. So workers' comp has been a good, solid program that for a long time has covered American workers, most all American workers. And what I'm